

The Janesville Daily Gazette.

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JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1881.

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The Inter Ocean, now that the New York struggle is ended, announces that it is a Republican journal. One would not have taken it for one during the senatorial contest.

Those professed Republican journals that have indulged in heaping ridicule on that very large class of Republicans who refused to bolt the administration by calling them half-breeds and featherbeds, will now feel like crawling into a knot-hole and drawing the hole in after them.

There does not appear to be any hope that the Williams brothers will be captured. By this time they have undoubtedly escaped from the Eau Claire woods, and are beyond the reach of the officers. It has been suggested that they have made their escape and have joined the James gang in Missouri. Wherever they are, they are where no posse can take them.

Senator-elect Miller of New York, says there is no danger ahead regarding the Democrats controlling the House of Representatives on account of Miller and Lapham being taken from the House. He claims that the clerk of the House puts the names of all persons having certificates on the roll—is compelled to do that—and that it is only the contestants who have to sit at the outer gate of the capitol and gnash their teeth till an investigating committee reports.

The indebtedness of France has increased \$1,300,000,000 in fifteen years, and during the same period the debt of Russia has increased \$1,000,000,000; that of Germany \$250,000,000; Spain, \$1,500,000,000; Italy, \$1,100,000,000. Great Britain has reduced her debt \$144,000,000. The greater portion of the debt of European nations was incurred in preparing for war, in the building of fortifications, and the construction of costly and useless navies.

For the first time in the history of the State the militia has been called out by the order of the Governor to suppress strikers. The occasion seems to justify the course the Governor has taken. The hands employed in the saw mills at Eau Claire are on a strike, and yesterday threatened to use force in closing some of the mills. The citizens were powerless to suppress the strikers, and the loss of life and damage to property seemed to follow the work of the infuriated mill men. To compel the strikers to desist from any unlawful means to gain their point, Governor Smith has called out several companies of the Wisconsin National Guard to report to Eau Claire and protect the city against the striking mob.

They are bound to have a humorous campaign in Ohio this fall, and Bookwater, the Democratic candidate for Governor, will furnish the fun. A man living in the same town with Bookwater, and who apparently knows his home strength, offers to back up his opinion of his home popularity in this fashion: I will put up \$500 that he won't carry his own ward.

I will bet \$500 that he doesn't carry his own township.

I will bet \$500 that he doesn't carry the county.

I'll bet \$500 that he doesn't carry this congressional district.

I'll bet \$500 that he doesn't carry the State.

That's \$3,000 in all, and it can be doubted, if necessary, I don't want to publish my name, but authorize you to telegraph me in case anybody offers to take it up.

GOVERNOR ROBERTS AND THE CHURCH AND STATE.

There is a good deal of indignation expressed in Texas and elsewhere over the action of Governor Roberts, of that State, in objecting to proclaim a day of thanksgiving and praise in view of the recovery of President Garfield. He declined to unite in setting apart a day for praise for the reason expressed in his telegram, to Governor Foster, of Ohio, which is as follows:

My failure to answer you favorably is not on account of any want of sympathy for the President, but because I do not deem it consistent with my position as Governor to issue a proclamation directing religious services to be held in churches and State and to be kept sacred in their functions. I doubt not the people of Texas have as strongly wished and prayed for the recovery of the President as any people in the United States.

It is evident that the Governor of Texas has never studied the question of Church and State, or else he would understand and plainly see the difference between Church and State, and the State and religion. All those who deal with the problem of social science, recognize in all their discussions the vast difference between the relations of State and Church and State and religion. It is the American idea that there should be an entire separation of State and Church, but it is equally an American idea that there should not be a separation of State and religion; and that while it is not province of the government to especially protect and favor any church, it is the province as well as the duty of the government to protect and foster the religious element in man's make-up. So, that while there is no tax levied for the support of any church or organization, there is throughout the history of the government a recognition of the value and necessity of religious sentiment. This position is clearly proved in the declaration of Independence, and proclamations issued from the government during the century of our National life.

Governor Roberts was not expected to be requested to direct any sort of religious services. He was simply asked to "set apart" a day to be generally agreed upon, for thanksgiving and praise. It is the Executive's business to proclaim the day set apart for such a purpose, but it remains with the people to say whether they will observe the day in the manner suggested in the proclamation fixing the time. Men who are much wiser than Governor Roberts, of Texas, and who have given the subject years of practical and very thoughtful study, have never yet looked at the question in the same light in which he views it. His position is a ridiculous one, and while there is something in it which would naturally make a wide-awake person smile, there is enough in it to arouse the indignation of sensible and earnest people.

The strange position taken by Governor Roberts has not only worked up the Christian people in the Lone Star State, but prominent persons outside of churches are taking an active part in making arrangements for a day when the people shall give thanks and pray for the recovery of President Garfield. This righteous spirit of indignation is not confined to the Republican party, but the Democrats as well, are joining in denouncing the action of Governor Roberts. The Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal church in Texas—W. B. Elliott—telegraphed Governor Foster that his church will earnestly join observing a day of thanksgiving; and many citizens of Dallas, of all political and religious creeds, have notified Foster that they stoutly condemn the action of Roberts. There is considerable Christian sentiment in Texas yet, and it is manifesting itself in a way which calls forth the highest praise.

THE END OF THE ALBANY STRUGGLE.

The country in general as well as the Republican party in particular, has reason to rejoice over the end of the bitter struggle at Albany. It had gone so far and the bitterness between the factions had become so intense, that one could hardly plant a hope lest it might be blasted, that any good would come out of the senatorial contest. From the beginning to the last day of the struggle there was nothing but a series of blunders. Both factions were hot-headed, and blundered with a recklessness that became a disgrace to the party and the country. After two months of fighting and crimination and re-crimination, the Republicans finally came to the conclusion that it wouldn't do either faction any good to make its home among the dead, and for the first time since the struggle began, common sense was exercised.

Convinced that no good could possibly come out of the contest if further prolonged, and that harmony and a compromise were better than endurance and final defeat, both factions agreed to go into a caucus on Friday afternoon, and agreed to abide by the result of the caucus. Many patriotic speeches were made on both sides, and a disposition shown to put a speedy end to the struggle and unite the party. Late in the afternoon the factions met in caucuses and Mr. Lapham, who was nominated with Mr. Miller on the 8th of July, was renominated, and was afterwards unanimously elected, receiving every Republican vote in the joint convention. This is a happy issue out of the difficulty, though it would have been much better had Hamilton Fish, or some other well qualified man out of Congress, had been selected. But Mr. Lapham is Mr. Conkling's successor, and he should have the support of the party, earnestly and unitedly.

Let the factions now drop out of sight. The sooner the better. The right course for any patriotic and intelligent man is to seize the first opportunity to cease to be a stalwart or a half-breed, and to become a Republican. President Garfield once told a class of young men, "Don't make your home among the dead." It doesn't pay any faction to go into that business which brings forth ill-will, division, and ultimate defeat. If the Republicans of New York take this course, they will be strong enough to carry the State, and make the Empire State a power in Republican politics. Both factions should now cling to the administration. It has done splendid work since the 4th of March with all its blunders. Any man who wants to fight the administration should take himself into the Democratic camp for there is no room for him in the Republican party.

Under all the circumstances Mr. Conkling can not find fault with the result of the senatorial contest. That he was not re-elected should give no rise to any ill-feeling toward those who voted against him for sixty ballots. He voluntarily, and without warrant, took himself out of the Senate, and when he did that act, he had no claim on the Republican members of the Legislature. But there is considerable hope indulged in that he will forget his folly and will not long feel the sting of his defeat, but remain a true Republican, and always ready to do his share of the work in carrying New York for the Republicans.

It is to be regretted that Mr. Lapham is not better qualified to fill Mr. Conkling's seat. He is a good lawyer and a zealous Republican but he fails to come up to the standard of Mr. Conkling, and therefore the State and the Republican party suffer a loss. But the work is done, the contest over, and the unsavory things of the past must be forgotten.

THE WISCONSIN MILITIA

The First and Fourth Battalions Ordered to Eau Claire.

To Protect Property and Suppress the Lawless Act of the Lumbermen.

Some Six Hundred Strikers Have Matters Their Own Way for a Time.

Governor Smith is in Eau Claire in Consultation With the Property Owners.

End of the Senatorial Contest in New York.

Closing Scenes of the Long Struggle for the Prize.

Elbridge G. Lapham Receives the Entire Vote of the Republicans.

And is Declared Elected United States Senator Vice Conkling Resigned.

Very Unfavorable and Alarming Reports from the President.

The Continuation of the Unfavorable Symptoms Alarms the Physicians.

The Unveiling of the McPherson Statue, at Clyde, Ohio.

Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous News Items.

THE PRESIDENT.

His Symptoms Unfavorable To-Day—The Cabinet and Physicians Hold a Consultation.

SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.
WASHINGTON, July 23.—At the usual hour for the morning's examination, the President had a rigorous chill, lasting a quarter of an hour. The conditions are quite alarming. The dressing of the wound was postponed till ten o'clock.

2 p. m.—The doctors say the fever is broken, and believe more favorable symptoms will follow. Considerable alarm was created, and the White House was thronged with anxious inquirers all day.

3 p. m.—No material change since the morning examination. He dozed at intervals. The cabinet and physicians held a consultation. Further increase of complications expected towards night. Unfavorable symptoms are attributed to the stoppage of the discharge from the wound which cannot be accounted for.

THE STRIKERS.

Governor Smith Orders State Militia to Eau Claire—Official Fears for the Safety of the Town.

MADISON, July 22.—Governor Smith was at Eau Claire this afternoon and called upon the strikers to disperse. His order was defied and he then telegraphed to call for troops. An order for the Fourth and Fifth battalions of Wisconsin national guard was received here shortly after four o'clock, and created not a little consternation among the members of the local military companies. The adjutant and quartermaster generals and this news ally quiet town presents a lively appearance to-night, with its militia eager to get to the seat of war. The companies called out from this division are the Lake City Guards and Guards of Madison, the Guppy Guards of Portage, the Watertown Rifles, the Janesville Guards and Bowler City Rifles, of Janesville, Beloit Guards and the Custer Rifles of Whitewater. All are ordered to report immediately at Eau Claire. The Madison companies leave to-night.

Eau Claire, July 22.—This evening there is apparently no commotion among the strikers. At 4 o'clock they rallied 600 in number at the West Side park, where sympathetic addresses were delivered, after which they took a line of march on the west side. Developments will be made by the public between now and to-morrow evening that will strike terror and dismay to the hearts of the strikers. This evening several of the mills are making preparations to resume operations next Monday, and before the close of the week it is more than probable that all will be in operation. The strikers have jumped their jobs and no men can be found to run the accumulated lumber to the Mississippi. Governor Smith is in the city and was interviewed by the prominent mill owners today with closed doors. Everything continues peaceable, and no outbreaks are looked for this evening.

Mr. J. Marsh, Bank of Toronto, Ont., writes: "Biliousness and dyspepsia seem to have grown up with me; having been a sufferer for years, I have tried many remedies, but with no lasting result until I used your Bucknoll Broom. They have been truly a blessing to me, and I cannot speak too highly of them. Price \$1.00; trial size 50 cents. Sold by A. J. Roberts and Sherer & Co."

GOING TO WAR.

WATERTOWN, July 22.—By command of Governor Smith, the Watertown Rifles, fifty strong, departed to-night by special

train for Eau Claire, to assist in preserving law and order during the lumbermen's strike at that place.

HE CAN'T SLEEP.

A clerk in one of our dry good stores says, for six months he was troubled with wakefulness, broken sleep and nightmare so much that life began to present shadows of desperation. As soon as he commenced taking Dow's Liver Care more perfect sleep returned to him and now his sleep is perfect. Broken rest will run the strongest constitution.

THE CLOSE.

End of the Farce at Albany—Lapham Elected—The Closing Scenes.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 22.—The joint ballot for a United States Senator resulted as follows:

Lapham.....92
Foster.....68
Cooking.....28
Woodford.....28
Necessary to a choice.....67

The chair then said that he had been requested to announce that the Democratic members would hold a conference immediately; also, that the Republicans would hold a conference immediately. The convention then took a recess.

The Republicans of both houses, during the recess of the convention, met in the Assembly chamber. Senator McCarthy was called to the chair. The roll was called, and thirteen Senators and sixty-two assemblymen answered to their names.

E. A. Carpenter, in arguing for a caucus, said there was less than a majority present.

The chair called on the Secretary to announce how many were present, and he said seventy-two, which was over a majority.

Mr. Robertson said he was now told that if this conference would adjourn to 5 p. m. today they would all come in and join with the others.

Mr. Woodford asked how many had said this, it might be only two. There were members here who refused to answer to their names.

Mr. Pitts said the time had come for action, and no more talk of the past ought to be indulged in. [Applause.] He wanted the roll called, and each member to name his choice. [Applause.]

The question was taken on the motion for caucus at 3 this afternoon.

Senator Woodin, in favoring it, said the time could well be spent in shaking hands over the bright prospects in view, and it was carried.

The conference took a recess to 3 this afternoon.

At 3:35 this afternoon the Republican conference assembled in the Assembly chamber, with Senator McCarthy in the chair.

The roll was called and twenty-one Senators and sixty-nine Assemblymen answered their names.

Mr. Skinner renewed his motion of this morning, that the roll be called, and each member rise in his place and name his candidate for United States Senator. Carried.

The roll was called, and Elbridge G. Lapham was named by 61 members, Roscoe Conkling was named by 27, S. Woodford was named by 1, and William Evans was named by 10. The vote in the same as that cast in the joint convention.

On motion of Senator Winslow, Elbridge G. Lapham's nomination was made unanimous with three cheers, and great applause, swinging of hats, etc.

Loud calls were made for Senator Woodin, and he congratulated the assembly upon the result attained, and spoke in glowing terms of the action just taken.

Mr. Halbert said: FELLOW REPUBLICANS OF THIS CAUCUS: Caucus first and conference afterwards. [Applause.] I am happy at this result. He spoke of the joy that followed this action here. He prophesied this union would sweep the State next fall as if by wildfire. He concluded amid great applause.

Senator Pitts made a spirited and happy speech.

Speaker Sharpe recited the lines: "Then here's a hand," etc., which was received with cheers.

Other speeches followed, and the conference caucuses adjourned.

The joint convention re-assembled at 4 o'clock, and voted for United States Senator with the following result:

Lapham.....92
Foster.....68
Cooking.....28
Woodford.....28
Necessary to a choice.....67

McPherson family had places on the platform. Ex-President Hayes called the assembly to order, and after prayer by the Rev. McCune, of Toledo, delivered an address.

NO SUCH WORD AS FAIL.

"I have used your Spring Blossom for dyspepsia, headache, and constipation, and find it has done me a great deal of good. I shall recommend it to my friends." Henry Beaumont, May 24th. 96 Main St., Buffalo. Price 50 cents, and trial bottles, 10 cents. Sold by A. J. Roberts and Sherer & Co.

KILLED.

WAUKESHA, July 22.—F. B. Ward, who founded the first newspaper in Racine, and who has resided in Waukesha for the last thirty years, met with instant death this afternoon by being struck in the head by a freight train near this village. Being very deaf, he did not hear the approaching cars.

TERRIBLE LOSS OF LIFE.

Millions of rats, mice, cats, dog-bugs, roaches, lose their lives by collision with "Rough on Rats." Sold by druggists, 15c.

CATARH OF THE BLADDER.

Stinging, smarting, irritation of the urinary passages, discharges, cured by Buchu-palpa. Druggists. Do not forget to examine the bottle.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

JANESVILLE MARKETS.

Reported for the Gazette by Bump & Gray, Grain and Produce Dealers.

FLOUR—New Process \$1.50 per sack; Wisconsin \$1.25 per sack.

WHEAT—Winter, 00/100; good to best spring, 00/100; common to fair quality 80/100.

WHEAT BIAN—50c per 100;

MEAL—course, 80c per 100; bolted 30c per sack.

FEED—00/100c per 100 lbs.

MIDDLINGS—70c per 100 lbs. Ton \$12.

RYE—satisfactory at 00/100c for fair to good.

BARLEY—Shelled per 100 lbs. 85c/100.

CORN—Shelled per 100 lbs. 85c/100.

OATS—white 24/100; mixed 23/100.

BUCKWHEAT—satisfactory for feed at 00/100c.

TIMOTHY SEED—in demand at \$1.00/100.

CLOVER SEED—saleable at \$2.50/100 per bushel.

HAY—Timothy \$5.00/100 per ton; Marsh and other \$4.00/100.

POPKORN—new at 00/100c per bushel.

BUTTER—good supply at 12/100.

BEANS—wanted at \$1.00/100 per bushel.

EGGS—wanted at 10c.

HIDES—Green, 00/100; calf 00/100; Dry, 12c/100.

WOOL—Rangers at 30c/100 for fair to choice.

CLIPS: 15c for unmerchantable.

SHEEP PELTS—Range at 30c/100 each.

LIVE STOCK—Cattle \$4.00/100; 100 lbs; Hog \$5.00/100; 100 lbs.

MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, July 22.

FLOUR—Source and Firm.

WHEAT—Steady and strong; No 2 Milwan, 10c/100; No 1 11c/100; No 3 10c/100; No 4 9c/100; No 5 8c/100; No 6 7c/100; No 7 6c/100; No 8 5c/100; No 9 4c/100; No 10 3c/100; No 11 2c/100; No 12 1c/100; No 13 0c/100; No 14 0c/100; No 15 0c/100; No 16 0c/100; No 17 0c/100; No 18 0c/100; No 19 0c/100; No 20 0c/100; No 21 0c/100; No 22 0c/100; No 23 0c/100; No 24 0c/100; No 25 0c/100; No 26 0c/100; No 27 0c/100; No 28 0c/100; No 29 0c/100; No 30 0c/100; No 31 0c/100; No 32 0c/100; No 33 0c/100; No 34 0c/100; No 35 0c/100; No 36 0c/100; No 37 0c/100; No 38 0c/100; No 39 0c/100; No 40 0c/100; No 41 0c/100; No 42 0c/100; No 43 0c/100; No 44 0c/100; No 45 0c/100; No 46 0c/100; No 47 0c/100; No 48 0c/100; No 49 0c/100; No 50 0c/100; No 51 0c/100; No 52 0c/100; No 53 0c/100; No 54 0c/100; No 55 0c/100; No 56 0c/100; No 57 0c/100; No 58 0c/100; No 59 0c/100; No 60 0c/100; No 61 0c/100; No 62 0c/100; No 63 0c/100; No 64 0c/100; No 65 0c/100; No 66 0c/100; No 67 0c/100; No 68 0c/100; No 69 0c/100; No 70 0c/100; No 71 0c/100; No 72 0c/100; No 73 0c/100; No 74 0c/100; No 75 0c/100; No 76 0c/100; No 77 0c/100; No 78 0c/100; No 79 0c/100; No 80 0c/100; No 81 0c/100; No 82 0c/100; No 83 0c/100; No 84 0c/100; No 85 0c/100; No 86 0c/100; No 87 0c/100; No 88 0c/100; No 89 0c/100; No 90 0c/100; No 91 0c/100; No 92 0c/100; No 93 0c/100; No 94 0c/100; No 95 0c/100; No 96 0c/100; No 97 0c/100; No 98 0c/100; No 99 0c/100; No 100 0c/100.

COIN—No. 2, 47c/100.

OATS—No. 2, 39c/100.

RYE—No. 1, 12c/100.

BARLEY—No. 2 spring, 75c/100.

PORK—Mess pork, \$18.35.

LARD—Prime steam \$11.85.

HEIMSTREET, DRUGGIST, IS THE AGENT.

THE STEVENS UPWARD

Filter.

The Triumph of the Age and Great Benefactor.

Duration, Artistic Appearance, Self-Cleaning.

These avoiding frequent repacking, and delivering water after filtration, above sediment and filtering material. It is made of heavy galvanized iron, has a reservoir for ice if you wish, and is easily moved. It was sent to W. G. Wheelock, the Crookery Dealer, last year, and Mr. B. Hayner (Dimock & Hayner) took it on trial.

The result was so satisfactory and exceedingly pleasing, filling the bill perfectly, that a stock was ordered and the Filters are now at Wheelock's Crookery Store and can be bought on approval. Large articles of Fruit Jars, Bird Cages, Lawn Vases, Hummocks, Ice Cream Freezers, and a few Jewels, Refrigerators left, at special prices.

Ex-President Hayes was President of the day, and General R. P. Buckland, Grand Marshal.

The procession formed in the afternoon, was nearly a mile long. The platform had thousands of people on it, and it is estimated that 18,000 people were in the audience. Mrs. McPherson, mother of the General, and her daughter, Mrs. Vandercreek, and other members of the

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL

MAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Made from Grape Cream Tartar. No other preparation makes such light, flaky hot breads, or luxuriant pastries. Can be eaten by dyspeptics without fear of the rise from heavy indigestible food. Sold only in cans, by all Grocers. Royal Baking Powder Co., New York.

EXCURSIONS.

TOURISTS.

Fishing Parties! Pic-Nics!

TRAVELERS.

I have the fullest and best line of Lunch Cools to be found anywhere, not excelled in the large cities. I am constantly adding all the Novelties as fast as they prove GOOD. For Sandwiches we have the celebrated R. & P. Pot Meats, Ham, Tongue, Chicken, Turkey, Lobster, &c., &c. Wilson's Canned Beef, Whole Baked Ham, Whole Baked Turkey, Quail, Lard, Ham and Tongue, Baked Chicken and Turkey, Cured Oysters, Pickled Lamb Tongue in glass, Spiced Sardines in glass, Baked Trout, Pot Luck Mackerel, Broiled Mackerel, Spiced Pigs Feet, Onions, Community Baked Beans, Lemarchand Boneless Sardines, Sardines in Tomato Sauce, Sardines in Mustard, Boneless Herrings, Salmon and Halibut in pound boxes, Shrimps, Maryland Crabs, Russian Caviar, Whole Lobster, Clams, Oysters, Fish and Clam Chowder, Fresh Mackerel, Salmon and Lobster, &c. The best assortment of Pickles, comprising the following varieties of the best pickers, Gherkins, White Onions, Walnuts, Cauliflower, Picnic, Savory, Mixed, Chow Chow, Chutneys, &c. Condensed Milk, Jellies, Preserves, Jams, Sauces, Biscuits, Crackers, also Hecker's Self-Raising Flour for bread; also Granite Cake Flour, suitable for Cakes. All goods are choice.

J. A. DENNISON.

49 West Milwaukee Street.

PRENTICE & EVENSON

DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

JANESVILLE, WIS.

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JANESVILLE, WIS.

POPULAR WEST END SHOE HOUSE!

THE GAZETTE.
SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1901.
Published Every Evening Except Sunday, at \$2.00 Per Year by
THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY.
OFFICE OF NORTH MAIN STREET.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

THE CITY.
NOTICE FOR THIS COLUMN WILL BE CHARGED FOR AN ARTICLE PER LINE, FIRST INSERTION AND SIX CENTS FOR EACH SUBSEQUENT INSERTION IN DAILY, DAILY AND WEEKLY TWENTY CENTS PER LINE, AND FIVE CENTS EACH SUBSEQUENT INSERTION.

FOR SALE.—At Gazette counting room a wire floor stand.

For sale at Gazette Counting Room at a bargain, a 10 inch Philadelphia Lawn Mower.

All who are indebted to the late firm of Carpenter & Gowdy are requested to settle their accounts at once, as it is desired that the books be closed up as speedily as possible.

WANTED.—A house of nine or ten rooms. For particulars inquire at this office.

FOR SALE.—One of the celebrated Improved Howe sewing machines, new and in perfect running order, price low, at the GAZETTE counting room.

Love Your Neighbor.
When your friend or neighbor is laboring under bodily affliction, indigestion, biliousness, constipation, caused by impurity of blood, or disorders of the kidneys, or liver, don't fail to recommend Burdock Blood Bitters, a sure and safe remedy. Price \$1.00 and trial size 10 cents.

Local Matter.
Legion and County Statisticians.
See how accurate of Writing Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, etc., at reasonable prices, call at Nathan and a Blockstore. 561 Broadway.

Mother's Mothers!! Mothers!!!
Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, give your child a bottle of **MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.** It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere 25 cents a bottle.

MISCELLANEOUS.
25 CENTS 25
The Sale of the 25 and 40 Cent
LISLE GLOVES!
AT
JAS. MORGAN
380 AND 388
East Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.
Will be continued, and the low prices for finer Gloves and Lace Mitts maintained until further notice.

JAS. MORGAN'S,
IS SELLING
Black, "Berlin Shape," French
Chip Hats!
AT
Cents. 75 Cents.
FORMER PRICE \$2.00.
In conjunction with
Special Bargains
IN
SHEPHERD HATS, PANS, PARASOLS, LACE GLOVES, STIFF HATS, LACE MITTS, LAWS, MULLINS, LINEN DRESSERS, AND IN FACT ALL CLASSES OF
SUMMER GOODS!
apr23ly

Dr. JAMES,
204 Washington St.,
Cor. Franklin, CHICAGO.
Chronic, by the State of Illinois, for the purpose of giving immediate relief to all cases of rheumatism, neuralgia, and other painful affections, Dr. James' Great Peppermint Cure is the only remedy that will cure them in all cases. It is a sure and safe remedy, and is sold everywhere. Price 10 cents a bottle. Dr. James' Great Peppermint Cure is the only remedy that will cure them in all cases. It is a sure and safe remedy, and is sold everywhere. Price 10 cents a bottle.

Pleasure Parties!
A BUGHOLD takes great pleasure in stating to the public that his new steam yacht is completed and ready to make trips up Rock River at all times, on short notice. Terms low—and this the time of year.

RACINE COLLEGE.
A College and Grammar School.
THE BEST SCHOOL FOR BOYS!
For terms, address Dr. Stevens Parker, Warden of Racine College, Racine, Wis. 12244w1m

MILLINERY!
RUSSELL SISTERS
Opposite Dr. McCann's Rooms, have just returned from Chicago with the latest styles in Millinery Goods.

The Farmers' Mill
For Rent!
Possession given August 1st. One of the best corn and wheat elevators in the west. Apply to Mrs. JOHN CLARK, No. 19 Blue St., Janesville, Wis. 12244w1m

BLANKS.
FOR
Constables Accounts with Rock County
AT GAZETTE OFFICE

GORY GLORY!
To Such a Feast is the First Battalion Invited.

They Accept in Goodly Numbers and March Forth Armed with Mosquito Netting, Bullets and Sandwiches.

The Troops in Good Spirits and Ready for the Fray.

Their Destination.
Last evening between five and six o'clock, a telegram came to the city for Colonel Britton, ordering the First Battalion to prepare for marching orders. Colonel Britton was at Lake Geneva rusticated, but Adjutant Newman at once sent out the orders, and began the preliminary arrangements for war, so that when the Colonel arrived later in the evening, everything was in good shape for the start. The news that the troops had been ordered out drew like a cyclone, and created almost as much of a turmoil. Many thought it a repetition of the Oshkosh fest, and laughingly exchange guesses as to how many of the boys would go, and what excuse could be had now that it was no longer "overcoat" weather and the boys couldn't skip home for extra wrappings. Others, however, looked serious, and there were some blanched cheeks and anxious faces, and as the preparations went on, and everything began to assume more and more of a military and warlike look, there grew up more and more of a feeling that business was meant.

At the armories there were lively scenes, and the lancers were not wanting. The individual preparations were unique. Among all the boys it was understood that the object of the expedition was to capture the two murderers, who are lurking in the depths of the Eau Claire woods beyond Eau Claire, and it was rumored that they were supported by from twenty-five to seventy-five friends who were determined that they should not be given up. It was expected that the troops would have to march through about forty miles before they could reach the spot where the murderers and their friends were lying in ambush. With prospects of being bored through and through with the bills of northern mosquitoes, if not by the bullets from the rifles of the murderers, the boys armed themselves with bottles of pennyroyal and with pieces of mosquito netting. Haversacks were loaded with sandwiches and cigars, and camp chests were packed with hams, coffee, bread and sugar. Blankets and overcoats were bundled up, one or two tents taken along, and last, but not least, ammunition was distributed. The rifles having eight rounds and the Guards ten.

The rifles first marched to the depot to wait for the special train which was to take the boys to Afton and thence on to Eau Claire. Later the Guards marched to the same place. It was understood that the Delavan Guards could not get ready in time to go with the others, that the Whitewater company would be sent on direct; and that the Beloit company would meet the Janesville boys at Afton. The waiting at the depot was not a very weary one. Discussions as to whether netting or bullets would be most needed, wonders as to how they were going to capture the murderers, guesses as to how far they would have to march, jokes, songs, etc., kept the time lively until the train was ready for the move.

The following were those who were with the Guards:

Captain—H. A. Smith.
2d Lieutenant—Charles F. Glass.
Sergeants—Doe, Judd, Woodruff, Ehrfuger, McGowan.
Color Sergeant—Wm. Hemming.
Corporals—C. C. McLean, Smith, Evenson, Webster, Wintermute, Grove, Hogoboom.

Acting Quartermaster Sergeant—J. W. Bates.

Privates—Taylor, Holm, Wm. Curtis, C. E. Randall, F. Randall, Decker, Airis, Scarceff, John Woodruff, Nightengale, Green, Eltor, Palmer, Charles Putnam, Shea, Charles Sutherland, Lusk, Charles Stevens, Wickham, C. McLean, Holldredge, Young, Richardson, C. McLean, Farnsworth, McDermott, Kinney, Johnson.

Drummers—Ward Williams, Charlie Hemming.

First Lieutenant Newman of the Guards as Adjutant of the Battalion, and W. A. Hand Sergeant Major also went.

The Bowler City Rifles also turned out in goodly numbers as follows:

Captain—J. B. LaGrange.
1st Lieutenant—J. Andrews.
2d Lieutenant—C. Brown.
Sergeants—L. H. Lee, J. L. Bear, L. E. Curley, James Murtough.
Corporals—F. Holmrich, F. Cheney, C. Day, G. Wilson, C. Stout, and G. Phillips.

Privates—J. Brown, Wm. Colling, J. Clark, A. Grampko, M. Langley, N. Larson, Z. LaGrange, F. O'Brien, J. Parker, I. Parker, A. Phelps, E. Stringer, J. Stringer, G. Shaler, Wm. Shaler, C. Shaler, M. J. Tobin, J. Thorn, Wm. Wilson, A. Sibley, F. Kottling, C. H. Lee, J. Manning, C. Snow, F. J. Nicholson, Thomas Emmons, Frank Pierson, Frank Herriek.

By this it appears that the Guards had 48 men and the Rifles 41 men. The former were dressed in the blouses and fatigue caps, the latter in the dress uniforms. There also accompanied the battalion Surgeon General Palmer, and George G. Chittenden, Surgeon of the battalion. The chaplains were all off on vacations, so that the religious element threatens to suffer.

A number of citizens accompanied the boys as far as Afton. There the Beloit Guards were met and the train of soldiers moved on to the north.

As to their destination the information

gained in the following dispatch was about all the boys had to guide them;

MADISON, Wis., July 22.
Colonel W. B. Britton—Assemble your command or companies at Janesville and Beloit, at least, and be ready to proceed to Eau Claire by rail tonight. Report immediately by telegraph the number of men you can assemble to take train to-night. If possible we must have 250 men in Eau Claire to-morrow morning. The Fourth Battalion also ordered to move. Transportation will be provided by Quartermaster General. Men to take overcoat and blankets. Act with utmost promptness. By order of the Governor.

EDWIN E. BRYANT, Adjutant General.

Several other telegrams passed backward and forward concerning details of transportation, but nothing more was known of the destination, all taking it for granted that the object was to capture the murderers. It is more probable, however, that they are to be used in Eau Claire, where a lumbermen's strike is in progress, the ranks of the strikers yesterday being increased to nearly 1,500, which it is thought will prove the limit. The strikers insist that men shall not work more than ten hours a day, and have caused the rails to shut down.

The condition of affairs at Eau Claire is given in our telegraphic columns, and it is to be hoped that the boys who have so bravely and promptly responded to the call for troops, may not have any serious trouble. It is a matter of congratulation that the commanding officers are with scarcely an exception; men who have seen much active service, and if occasion demands, there will also be found much pluck among those of the rank and file who have never been placed under fire.

HENRY'S CARBOLIC SALVE.
The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chubbliness, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions, Pimples, and Pimples. The salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Be sure you get HENRY'S CARBOLIC SALVE, as all others are but imitations and counterfeits. Price 25 cents.

Dr. Green's Oxygenated Bitters is the oldest and best remedy, for Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Malaria, Indigestion, all disorders of the stomach, and all diseases indicating an impure condition of the Blood, Kidneys, Liver, Skin, etc.

BURNS' CATARRH SNUFF cures Catarrh and all affections of the mucous membrane.

DR. MOTT'S LIVER PILLS are the best Cathartic Regulators.

THE WEATHER.
REPORTED BY PHENIX & STEVENSON, DULUTHISTS.
The thermometer at 6 o'clock last night stood at 76 degrees above; at 1 o'clock A. M. to-day at 66 degrees above; at 7 o'clock A. M., at 68 degrees above, and at 1 o'clock P. M. at 81 degrees above. Partly cloudy.

The indications to-day are, generally fair, variable winds, stationary or higher temperature.

Short Breath.
O. Bortle, Manchester, N. Y., was troubled with asthma for eleven years. Had been obliged to lie up for sometime. After twelve nights in succession. Found immediate relief from THOMAS' ELECTRIC OIL, and is now entirely cured. Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Sherer & Co.

PERSONAL.
—Thomas F. McKoy and wife arrived at Queenstown, Thursday, at 6 o'clock P. M.

—Will Webster, of Ripon, has been spending a day or two here, and returned this afternoon.

—William Booth, of Lawrence, Kan., is to spend a few days now with his old Janesville friends, of whom he has many.

—Miss Emma J. Carter, of Mendota, Illinois, is stopping in the city visiting her uncle, Charles A. Carter, and other relatives.

—Mr. Wheeler, of Chicago, a son-in-law of the late County Commissioner Jones, is in the city to remain over Sunday as the guest of Harry Anderson and family.

—Mrs. N. Smith and Miss Julia Wilson are to start Monday, for a brief visit to California. They will go by the Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe railway, and by the Southern and Central Pacific.

—Miss Ida Griffin, of Jacksonville, Florida, daughter of Mr. G. B. Griffin, who formerly lived here, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon for a visit to her old friends. She is at present the guest of Mr. William Payne and family.

SOCIAL HAPPENINGS.
Yesterday afternoon and evening were fraught with more than usual social pleasure, there being several gatherings of friends, and some so arranged their time as to put in an appearance at more than one place. Carriages hurried hither and thither, and ladies and gentlemen in full dress seemed plenty.

One of these happy occasions was a "soiree" given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Jackman, at which a large number of guests were received and most hospitably cared for, the reception lasting from five o'clock till 8 o'clock. All seemed to enjoy it heartily, and every possible attention was given to the wants and wishes of the invited ones.

Another no less enjoyable social gathering of like nature was that given by Mrs. Harriet Judd and her daughter, Mrs. Mitchell, of Rock Island. "Oak Lawn" never appeared to better advantage, and the occasion was a brilliant one, all the arrangements being in keeping, and executed faultlessly so that all the guests were made happy.

Last evening Mr. and Mrs. J. D. King entertained about forty young ladies and gentlemen, the gathering being made up largely of the old friends of Mrs. Buell, of Lockport, N. Y., who is better known here by her maiden name, Miss Carrie Jacobs. Anderson's band furnished the music for those who delighted in dancing. Refreshments were served, and all the details necessary to a happy social gathering, were well provided for.

SUNDRIES FOR SUNDAY.
The Chances Given for Those Inclined to Worship.
The following are the announcements of religious services to be held in the several churches of the city:

CHURCH OF CHRIST.—On Court street. Rev. A. L. Boyer, Pastor. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. There will be no services at this church to-morrow.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—Corner of Jackson and Dodge streets. Rev. T. P. Sawin, Pastor. Services, 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. No preaching services on account of the absence of the pastor.

TRINITY CHURCH.—Corner of Jackson and Blue streets. Rev. Thomas W. McLean, Rector. Services, Holy Communion at 8 o'clock. Second service at 10:30 A. M., and evening service at 7:30 P. M. On the first Sunday in the month no service.

Lay service to-morrow, the pastor being absent.

Y. M. C. A.—Regular Sabbath afternoon meeting at 3:30 o'clock, in the Baptist church. All are welcome.

The Y. M. C. A. will hold a service of song in the Court house park, at 3:30. Hon. John B. Beumt will give a short talk upon the power of song. Plenty of both vocal and instrumental music. All are cordially invited.

COURT STREET M. E. CHURCH.—Corner of Main and Court streets. Rev. Olan A. Curtis, Pastor. Services, 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. The pastor will preach morning and evening.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.—Corner of Holmes and Court streets. Rev. J. M. McInnis, Pastor. Services at 8:30 A. M., 10:30 A. M., and 7:30 P. M.

To-morrow evening at 7:30 o'clock Father McGinnity will lecture at St. Patrick's church. Subject—"The Apostolical Commission; go ye therefore and teach all nations, baptizing them, etc."

METHODIST CHURCH.—On Jackson street. Rev. W. E. Brown, Acting Pastor. Services 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

Morning subject, "The supreme object of Christ's life on earth." Evening, "Thorns worth having."

BAPTIST CHURCH.—North-east corner of Jackson and Pleasant streets. Rev. M. G. Hodge, Pastor. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. On the first Sunday in the month no service.

Y. M. C. A. will hold a service of song in the Court house park, at 3:30. Hon. John B. Beumt will give a short talk upon the power of song. Plenty of both vocal and instrumental music. All are cordially invited.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH.—Catholic—Corner of Wisconsin and North First streets. Rev. John Murray, Pastor. Services at 8:30 A. M., 10:30 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 12 M. Prayer meetings Tuesday and Thursday evenings.

Good Words from Druggists.
"Malt Bitters are the best 'bitters.'"
"They promote sleep and allay nervousness."
"They cure liver and kidney troubles."
"They give the child a good night's sleep."
"They give the old man a good night's sleep."
"They give the young man a good night's sleep."
"We like to recommend Malt Bitters."

REMARKS.
—Why aren't you off to the war?
—Some of the Janesville folk are having a picnic at Clear Lake to-day.

—To-night is the last chance to see the automatic city. Take your time and go.

—John Shiglam's son George, has a bad eye, resulting from catching an arrow in it.

—A pike weighing 36 pounds and 7 ounces was caught near the upper dam yesterday.

—The Whitewater club arrived to-day, and this afternoon they and the Janesville Mutuals are to contend on the diamond field.

—Fritz is now frolicing the Beloit Opera house, and when he completes that, is to beautify the new armory of the Janesville Guards.

—Remember the good time promised by the opening of the new band house in the court house park next Tuesday evening.

—The C. M. & St. P. Ry. Co. will sell tickets to Madison and return on the occasion of the Sunday school assembly, from July 30th to August 12th, good to return till August 17th, at \$1.95.

—Those who have money, and don't know where or how to invest it with profit and safety, have two excellent chances now, one in the Harris works and the other in starting a new cotton factory.

—To-morrow evening [Father McGinnity] is to lecture at St. Patrick's church on a very interesting theme. The worshippers at this church will also bear in mind the hour for vespers is changed to 7:30 o'clock P. M.

—Frank Webster has shipped his stock of groceries to Ripon, and closed his store. The goods will be put in stock with those of his brother at Ripon and the two will probably enter into permanent partnership there.

—The new hall in Dr. Judd's block will be occupied by the Temple of Honor for the first time next Friday evening. Enough of the work has already been done to show that the hall will be very attractive as well as convenient. It is 20x43 feet, and has ample ante-rooms.

—Another detachment of the military marched to-day for the depot, to take a regular train for Eau Claire. The detachment consisted of Tom S. Nolan, of the Guards, who didn't get notice in time to go last night, but grabbed his gun and started off to-day, determined to be there.

—Some of the tobacco reapers have noticed since the last heavy rains that many of the leaves are peculiarly broken or slit, some being almost entirely ruined. It is thought that the growth has been too rapid, but as yet its strange appearance cannot be accounted for with certainty, as nothing like it has been known before.

—C. W. Ferguson has just returned from the East, where he has been looking after the interests of his patent lamp chimney cleaner. He has made arrangements with New York and Boston parties to take 100,000 of these cleaners every month for the Eastern trade, and intends to greatly enlarge his manufacturing enterprise here. He has gained some new facilities so that more cleaners can be made and at a less cost, and intends pushing the business for all that it is worth.

A SUN DANCE.
A Strange Religious Observance Among the Sioux Indians—An Interesting Letter from Rev. G. W. Dunbar.

To the Editor.

FORT YATES, D. T. July 14, 1891.

Perhaps some of your readers and my old friends may be interested in a brief account of a "sun-dance," now in progress among the three thousand Sioux prisoners of war, lately sent down to us from posts above, and camped under surveillance, about six miles from the post.

The sun-dance, it must be premised, is a purely religious observance. An adoration of the Great Spirit, as represented in His visible symbol, the sun. The idea of sacrificial offering, as will be perceived lies also at the basis of all the ceremonies. A warrior has at some past time made a vow, in case the Great Spirit would give him success in war or hunting, to do such a thing—or it may be a squaw mother has entered into vow in order to save her baby's life—for, strange as it may seem, these squaws are really affectionate mothers, and the rare occasions of the sun dance are the times when all of these vows must be fulfilled.

The amphitheatre, as we may call it, where the ceremony is to be held, is constructed of poles, brush, robes, canvas, or whatever is handiest, and closely resembles a circus tent, except that the spectators must sit on the ground, and they only are sheltered, the vast interior or ring, being open to the blazing sun. In the center of the ring stands the sacrificial pole, crowned with a bunch of "medicine," i. e., human scalp tied up in a brush, and dangling by a long cord; from the same pole hangs a well executed image of a buffalo.

The ceremonies commence at a few minutes past noon, when officers, citizens, and ladies, who have been in the meantime curiously inspecting the preparations, though not daring to touch any thing which looked like medicine, are occasionally asked to step outside, where we witness what may be termed the Grand Parade, the solemn march of all the performers, numbering from eighty to one hundred, around the outside of their tents. They are naked to the waist, and their skins are fantastically painted, their lower extremities being draped in gaudy colored skirts. The interpreter tells us, that they thus make women of themselves, in order to humiliate themselves before the Great Spirit. The grand cortège formed, the white spectators are permitted to follow, and seat ourselves most democratically among our dusky brethren, wherever we can find a place. The dance begins without delay. The tom-toms, or Indian drums, commence their monotonous beat, and the old men and squaws accompany them with their rattles, occasionally varied by a chorus of shrill shouts. The dancers incessantly eye the sun, and all of them hold or wear some symbol of the sun, a circular mirror, or a sun cut out of colored paper. Each dancer lasts about five minutes. The motions are involuntary and graceful, and at the end of each period, a short rest is given, during which the dancers must stand standing. The exercises last from thirty-six to forty-eight hours, except that there may be an intermission of two or three hours, during the night. Huge kettles of dog-meat, and the like, are brought in continually by the squaws, but none of the performers are allowed to partake. They can only tighten their belts to render their lungs more powerful, and to brush into their mouths to allay their thirst; and they, be it remembered, began their fast twenty-four hours before the dance.

Between the dances, after the manner of all well-conducted entertainments, other spectacles are interspersed, for other vows are to be fulfilled; ponies are led in and given away; pipes, and everything an Indian values, lavishly bestowed—the giver first placing the article in the receiver's hands, then laying his hands upon his head and passing them down his arms, after the manner of a blessing. Pappees are also brought in, to burs their ears pierced for one reception of huge brass rings; and these utter the only cries of pain which greet our ears.

By nine o'clock A. M. of the second day, the strength of the performers is seen to be waning; they pant fearfully, and occasionally one falls in a swoon, and is pulled to his feet by his friends, as soon as the heart resumes its action, his banner is thrust into his hand, and he begins again.

But, exhausted as the performers are, the hardest is yet to come, for most of all of them have made the vow of torture. A warrior, or it may be a squaw, comes to the pole and has a terrible battle of skin and blood against the pole, as offering to the Great Spirit. Another warrior extends himself on the ground, and the old men pinch up the flesh on either side of the back bone, or on both breasts, a knife-blade is passed through, sticks inserted in the wounds, a hide lurk passed over the sticks, and tied to the central pole, and there the voluntary sufferer must stand and pull to his lips, pulled the flesh out, leaving a ghastly hole. All this torture, we pale faces are allowed to closely inspect, as the sufferers are very proud of their endurance. If a brave is not strong enough to pull himself loose, he is kindly assisted by a friend. Fainting under the torture is never common, and is considered no disgrace; but who beside the victim if his heart fail him; he is honorably known as a "squaw-man," and must bear a squaw's burden. To do them justice, not one in a thousand fails. I saw one hero who actually had the courage to fasten his feet in his joints to a supple sapling, which yielded as he pulled, and thus his torture was prolonged for more than an hour.

Our interest is enhanced as we gaze about, and reflect that some of the older ones must have been participants in the Minnesota massacres of 1862, and that by far the larger portion may have assisted at the defeat and death of Custer, in 1876.

Occasionally there is a ludicrous incident, as when one of the oldest and ugliest of the squaws insists on kissing an embarrassed military gentleman; but for the most part, all is reverence and solemnity. Toward the end of the second day, a fine buffalo robe is formally presented to Dr. Bushnell, of the army, whose parents reside in Beloit) as a token of gratitude for his unvaried care of their health, and for his especial skill in saving from death one who had laid six weeks with a terribly shattered leg, injured by a charge of shot in a vain attempt to escape.

This is very probably the last ceremony of the kind, in which these Indians will be allowed to participate; and the whole institution will speedily disappear under the advancing light of civilization and Christianity.

G. W. DUNBAR, Chaplain United States Army.

For killing flies and all kinds of insects there is nothing equal to the Genuine Insect Powder sold by Fenwick & Benson, the Druggists, at the Post office, Janesville, Wis.

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The rush still continues, because the people of Janesville and vicinity appreciate perfect fitting clothes and fine workmanship. Every garment guaranteed a perfect fit, and at prices that defy competition. I am constantly receiving new patterns as soon as in the market. If you want a good fitting suit, and at low prices, come and see your obedient servant,
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DIMOCK & HAYNER Have Houses, Lots and Lands for sale or rent, and Money to Loan at low rates of interest.

FOR THE SUMMER
Months we will keep a large and full assortment of all kinds of Goods in every department. Will open for July choice lines of Prints, Ginghams and Lawns in new and stylish patterns at one-third less price than June. Lace Mitts and Fanny and Plain Lisle Thread Gloves in finest grades at less than wholesale prices for June. Laces in French Thread, Spanish and Pat. Val. We have and will keep the best and finest ever shown in Janesville. Linen White Goods, and Piques in Lace Striped and Plain Patterns. A choice and elegant line of Table Linen, Napkins and Towels, bought this spring at Townsend & Fargis' Linen Sale in New York. We call special attention to our Linen Duster at \$2.00 each, good value at \$3.00. All Millinery Goods at cost for this month to close out.
DRESS GOODS AND SILKS.—We ask you to give us a call and look at these goods after looking around the city, and if prices, styles and assortment will sell them we are sure of sales.
McKEY & BRO.
Sign of the Golden Sheep, New Store, West Milwaukee Street, Janesville, Wis.

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And See How You Like It!
Those who have tried them will have no other.
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